MIKE DAVENPORT AND S.J. HANNAHS

INTRODUCING PHONETICS AND PHONOLOGY

Fourth Edition



Introducing Phonetics and Phonology

'Davenport and Hannahs' introductory textbook achieves the impossible. In straightforward, accessible language it covers the full range of basic topics that inform modern phonological investigation, from the phonetic properties of speech sounds that are the basis for most feature systems to syllable structure and prosodic morphology. The fundamentals of phonemic analysis are clearly laid out, and different current theoretical approaches are both motivated and critiqued, giving beginning students a thought-provoking taste of the issues that drive modern research in phonology'.

Laura J. Downing, University of Gothenburg, Sweden

Intended for the absolute beginner, *Introducing Phonetics and Phonology* requires no previous background in linguistics, phonetics or phonology. Starting with a grounding in phonetics and phonological theory, the book provides a base from which more advanced treatments may be approached.

It begins with an examination of the foundations of articulatory and acoustic phonetics, moves on to the basic principles of phonology and ends with an outline of some further issues within contemporary phonology. Varieties of English, particularly Received Pronunciation and General American, form the focus of consideration, but aspects of the phonetics and phonology of other languages are discussed as well. This new edition includes revised exercises and examples; additional coverage of typology, autosegmental phonology and articulatory and acoustic phonetics; broader coverage of varieties that now features Australian English; and an extended Chapter 7 that includes more information on the relationship between phonetics and phonology.

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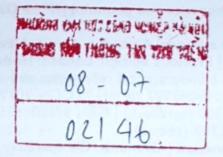
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Introducing Phonetics and Phonology

4th Edition

Mike Davenport and S.J. Hannahs





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Contents

	List	of tables	ix
	List	of figures	X
	Prefe	ace to the first edition	xii
	Prefe	ace to the second edition	xiv
	Prefe	ace to the third edition	XV
	Prefe	ace to the fourth edition	xvi
	The I	International Phonetic Alphabet	xvii
1	Inter	oduction	1
1		Phonetics and phonology 1	1
		The generative enterprise 3	
	1.2	Further reading 6	
		Further redaing 0	
2	Intro	oduction to articulatory phonetics	7
		Overview 8	
	2.2	Speech sound classification 14	
	2.3		
	2.4		
		Further reading 17	
		Exercises 17	
3	Cons	sonants	19
	3.1	Stops 20	
		Affricates 27	
		Fricatives 28	
	3.4	Nasals 31	
		Liquids 32	

3.6 Glides 35

	6.175		
	3.7	An inventory of English consonants 37	
		Further reading 38	
		Exercises 38	
4	Vow	els	40
	4.1	Vowel classification 40	
		The vowel space and Cardinal Vowels 41	
		The vowels of English 44	
	4.5	Some vowel systems of English 53	
		Further reading 57	
		Exercises 57	
5	Acou	istic phonetics	59
	5.1	Fundamentals 59	
	5.2	Speech sounds 64	
	5.3	Cross-linguistic values 74	
		Further reading 75	
		Exercises 75	
6	Abov	ve the segment	77
		The syllable 77	
		Stress 82	
	6.3	Tone and intonation 88	
		Further reading 93	
		Exercises 94	
7	Feat	ures	95
,		Segmental composition 95	,,,
		Phonetic versus phonological features 96	
		Charting the features 98	
		Conclusion 114	
		Further reading 115	
		Exercises 117	
8	Phon	emic analysis	119
	8.1	Sounds that are the same but different 119	
	8.2	Finding phonemes and allophones 122	
	8.3	Linking levels: rules 125	

	8.4	Choosing the underlying form 127	
	8.5	Summary 134	
		Further reading 135	
		Exercises 135	
9	Phor	nological alternations, processes and rules	138
	9.1	Alternations versus processes versus rules 138	
	9.2	Alternation types 139	
	9.3	Representing phonological generalisations:	
		rules and constraints 143	
	9.4	Overview of phonological operations 148	
	9.5	Summary 150	
		Further reading 150	
		Exercises 151	
0	Phor	nological structure	153
	10.1	The need for richer phonological representation 154	
	10.2	Segment internal structure: feature geometry, underspecification	
		and unary features 158	
		Autosegmental phonology 165	
		Suprasegmental structure 172	
	10.5	Conclusion 180	
		Further reading 181	
		Exercises 181	
1		vational analysis	183
		The aims of analysis 183	
		A derivational analysis of English noun plural formation 185	
		Extrinsic versus intrinsic rule ordering 189	
	11.4	Evaluating competing analyses: evidence, economy and plausibility 191	
	11.5	Conclusion 201	
		Further reading 202	
		Exercises 202	
2	Cons	straint-based analysis	205
	12.1	Introduction to Optimality Theory 205	
		The aims of analysis 209	
		Modelling phonological processes in OT 210	
		English noun plural formation: an OT account 215	

12.6 Conclusion 222

	Further reading 223	
	Exercises 223	
13	Constraining the model	227
	13.1 Constraining derivational phonology: abstractness 228	
	13.2 Constraining the power of the phonological component 231	
	13.3 Constraining the power of OT 238	
	13.4 Conclusion 245	
	Further reading 246	
	Glossary	247
	References	254
	Subject index	257
	Varieties of English index	262
	Language index	263

12.5 Competing analyses 219

Tables

2.1	The major places of articulation	14
3.1	Stops in English	20
3.2	Fricatives in English	28
3.3	Typical English consonants	37
5.1	Typical formant values of French nasal vowels	68
5.2	Acoustic correlates of consonant features	74
5.3	Comparison of the first two formants of four vowels of English,	
	French, German and Spanish.	75
7.1	Feature specifications for English consonants	116
7.2	Feature specifications for English vowels	117

Preface to the fourth edition

While this new edition has been updated in the light of recent theoretical research, particularly in the later chapters, it remains what we originally set out to write: an introduction to phonetics and phonology for students with no background in phonetics, phonology or linguistics in general. And we're pleased that it continues to be useful for such students, despite the technical nature of the field.

Over the years since the publication of the last edition we have continued to benefit from the comments of students and colleagues who have used the text-book, including Danielle Turton, Míša Hejná, Twana Hamid, Zana Abdulkareem, Adeline Charlton, Becky Musa, Tamader Hwaidi and numerous others. To them and to the generations of undergraduate students, thanks.

Mike Davenport & S.J. Hannahs Durham, January 2020

Introduction

This book is about the sounds we use when we speak (as opposed to the sounds we make when we're doing other things). It's also about the various kinds of relationships that exist between the sounds we use. That is, it's about 'phonetics' – the physical description of the actual sounds used in human languages – and it's about 'phonology' – the way the sounds we use are organised into patterns and systems. As speakers of a particular language (English, say, or Hindi or Gaelic or Mohawk) we obviously 'know' about the *phonetics* and *phonology* of our language, since we use our language all the time, and unless we are tired or not concentrating (or drunk), we do so without making errors. Furthermore, we always recognise when someone else (for example a non-native speaker) pronounces something incorrectly. But, equally obviously, this knowledge is not something we are conscious of; we can't usually express the knowledge we have of our language. One of the aims of this book is to examine some ways in which we can begin to express what native speakers know about the sound system of their language.

I.I Phonetics and phonology

Ask most speakers of English how many vowel sounds the language has, and what answer will you get? Typically, unless the person asked has taken a course in phonetics and phonology, the answer will be something like 'five: A, E, I, O and U'. With a little thought, however, it's easy to see that this can't be right. Consider the words 'hat', 'hate' and 'hart'; each of these is distinguished from the others in terms of the vowel sound between the 'h' and 't', yet each involves the vowel letter 'a'. When people answer that English has five vowels, they are thinking of English *spelling*, not the actual *sounds* of English. In fact, as we will see in Chapter 4, most kinds of English have between 16 and 20 different vowel sounds, but most speakers are completely unaware of this, despite constantly using them.

In a similar vein, consider the words 'tuck', 'stuck', 'cut' and 'duck'. The first three words each contain a sound represented in the spelling by the letter 't', and most speakers of English would say that this 't' sound is the same in each of these words. The last word begins with a 'd' sound, and in this case speakers would say that this was a quite different sound to the 't' sounds.